



NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Basic Financial Statements, Management's Discussion
and Analysis and Schedules of Expenditures
of Federal and State of New Jersey Awards

June 30, 2006

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

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NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
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Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Introduction

This section of the financial statements of New Jersey City University (the University) presents management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance and condition for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2004. This section is designed to assist readers in understanding the accompanying financial statements, and therefore, should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related footnote disclosures.

University Overview

Since the date of its charter by the New Jersey Legislature in 1927, New Jersey City University continues to evolve as a reputable institution of higher learning. Although the University was founded as a teacher training institution, its subsequent dynamic growth has been based on its energetic and creative response to public demands for new educational programs. While the University's location in the urban center of the Northeast affords students all of the varied cultural and intellectual stimulation of a city, the campus has retained a quiet atmosphere for study, and a size conducive to a strong relationship between students and faculty which enhances learning. More than thirty degree programs are currently being offered at the University. In addition, graduate programs and teacher certification programs are also available. Computer science, business administration, criminal justice, and health sciences are among some of the newer programs which have joined the traditional programs of study in the liberal arts. The student body of the University is drawn from a broad base of the population and includes the high school graduate pursuing a four-year degree sequences, as well as nontraditional students. These nontraditional students include the older student, the part-time student, and the working student, all of whom are able to avail themselves of flexible class scheduling.

The New Jersey City University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) was established as a nonprofit corporation to provide an independent instrument of control of funds, from other than state resources, which support the purposes and mission of the University. The Foundation qualifies under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from both federal and state taxes. Because the Foundation's resources have historically only been used by or for the benefit of the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements.

Financial Statements

The University's financial report includes three financial statements: the Statement of Net Assets, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, and the Statement of Cash Flows. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) principles.

GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities*, establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities requiring that financial statements be presented on a basis to focus on the University as a whole. Previously, financial statements focused on the accountability of individual fund groups. GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units* establishes criteria for assessing whether certain organizations should be reported as a component unit of the financial reporting entity and has resulted in the inclusion of the Foundation in the University's financial statements.

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Management Discussion and Analysis

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Statement of Net Assets

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the University at the end of the fiscal year. Assets, excluding capital assets, are generally carried at estimated fair market value. Capital assets are carried at cost and are depreciated over their respective useful life. Assets are classified as current and noncurrent. Current assets are those assets considered to be convertible to cash within one year. Current assets of the University consist primarily of cash, short term investments, including the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund, deposits held with bond trustees, and student and grants receivables.

Liabilities are also classified as current and noncurrent. Current liabilities are those liabilities due and anticipated to be paid within the upcoming fiscal year. Current liabilities of the University consist primarily of trade accounts payable, accrued benefits, and current portion of long term debt.

Net assets are the residual interest in the University's assets after the liabilities are deducted. Net assets are classified into three categories: net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt; expendable restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The first category, net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, reflects the equity in capital assets that the University owns. Expendable restricted net assets are assets that are subject to externally imposed restrictions governing their use, including debt service and other bond covenant requirements and capital grant funds. The final category, unrestricted net assets, is available to be used for the general purpose or operations of the University.

A summary of the University's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2006 and 2005, and comparative amounts at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

	2006	2005	2004
		(In millions)	
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 23.3	28.2	25.2
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets	173.3	147.5	120.9
Other assets	35.8	57.9	58.8
Total assets	\$ 232.4	233.6	204.9
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	\$ 17.3	19.8	18.7
Noncurrent liabilities	124.2	123.9	104.1
Total liabilities	\$ 141.5	143.7	122.8

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	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u> (In millions)	<u>2004</u>
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 60.2	60.3	51.2
Restricted for expendable:			
Renewal and replacement	3.1	2.9	2.7
Debt service reserve	3.7	3.8	3.8
Debt service – principal	2.0	1.7	1.6
Perkins loans	0.2	0.2	0.1
Unrestricted	21.7	21.0	22.7
Total net assets	<u>\$ 90.9</u>	<u>89.9</u>	<u>82.1</u>

Statement of Net Assets – Financial Highlights

As of June 30, 2006, the University's total assets decreased by \$1.2 million to \$232.4 million from \$233.6 million as of June 30, 2005. This decrease is primarily attributable to decreases in grants receivable and other receivables of \$2.1 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, due to increased collection efforts throughout the year. In addition, during fiscal year 2006, the majority of the University's capital expenditures were incurred relating to the Arts & Science Building and the renovation of the Gilligan Student Union Building, which resulted in the transition of cash between deposits held with bond trustees and capital assets. As of June 30, 2005, the University's total assets increased by \$28.7 million to \$233.6 million from \$204.9 million as of June 30, 2004. This significant increase is primarily attributable to an increase in deposits held with bond trustees in conjunction with the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA) Series 2005 A bond and an increase in capital assets. This significant increase is primarily attributable to an increase in deposits held with bond trustees in conjunction with the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA) Series 2005 A bond and an increase in capital assets. In addition to these increases, there was a significant negative fluctuation in the University's cash balance as of June 30, 2005, as compared to June 30, 2004. This decrease in cash is due to capital expenses incurred for capital projects which were drawn down at the end of the fiscal year. These drawdowns were in transit as of June 30, 2005. A corresponding positive fluctuation is included in the current portion of deposits held with bond trustees. Also, during fiscal year 2005, the Black Box Theater and Business Development Incubator projects were completed and placed into service. In addition, there is a significant increase in construction in progress as of June 30, 2005, due to the commencement of construction on a number of significant projects.

As of June 30, 2006, the University's total liabilities decreased \$2.2 million to \$141.5 million from \$143.7 million as of June 30, 2005. The major component is a decrease to the vendor accounts payable and accruals of \$1.6 million due to timing of vendor payments. In addition, in January 2006, the University issued \$5.95 million in Series 2006 C revenue bonds through the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA) to finance the advance refunding of a portion of the NJEFA's Revenue Bonds, New Jersey City University Issue, Series 1999 B, refinance a bank loan in the principal amount of \$5.2 million, and finance the payment of the costs of issuance of the Bonds.

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June 30, 2006 and 2005

As of June 30, 2005, the University's total liabilities increased \$20.9 million to \$143.7 million from \$122.8 million as of June 30, 2004. The major component is an increase to the noncurrent portion of long term debt from the NJEFA Series 2005 A debt issuance for \$21.6 million. This increase to the noncurrent portion of long term debt is offset by anticipated fiscal 2006 debt service payments, which are included in the current portion of long term debt as of June 30, 2005. In addition to the NJEFA Series 2005A debt issuance and current year debt service payments, there was a minimal increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses as of June 30, 2005 due to timing of vendor payments and the year end payroll cycle.

The current ratio of the University measures the institution's ability to satisfy current obligations as they come due. The University's current ratio was 1.3, 1.4, and 1.3 as of June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively. The ratio of unrestricted financial resources to operations is a key indicator of financial strength and flexibility to cover operating expenses without relying on generating additional resources. The University's unrestricted financial resource ratio was 19%, 21%, and 22% as of June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets presents the revenue earned and expenses incurred during the fiscal year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets is categorized into three sections: operating revenues, operating expenses, and net nonoperating revenues (expenses). The net difference between these three, results in an increase or decrease in the University's net assets. The change in net assets indicates whether the overall financial condition of the University has improved or declined during the year.

Generally, operating revenues are earned in exchange for providing goods or services. Operating revenues of the University consist of net tuition and fees revenue, as well as federal, State of New Jersey, and local grant revenue. Operating expenses are expenses incurred to produce goods or services in return for operating revenue, as well as expenses incurred to carry out the mission of the University. Nonoperating revenue is revenue earned for which goods or services were not provided in exchange for such revenue. The State of New Jersey appropriation and interest income are classified as nonoperating revenue of the University. Nonoperating expenses consist of interest expense and gifts to the New Jersey City University Foundation.

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Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2006 and 2005

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets reflects a positive year with an increase in net assets of \$1.07 million. The following is the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2004:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
		(In millions)	
Operating revenues:			
Student revenue (less scholarships)	\$ 42.91	42.01	39.38
Grants and contracts	20.64	20.61	20.83
Other	1.83	1.76	1.51
Total operating revenues	<u>65.38</u>	<u>64.38</u>	<u>61.72</u>
Operating expenses:			
Instruction	44.83	42.18	39.89
Research and programs	0.01	0.01	0.01
Public service and enterprise development	0.01	0.07	0.25
Academic support	10.62	10.20	9.39
Student services	12.28	11.99	10.26
Institutional support	18.96	17.37	17.01
Operation and maintenance of plant	11.64	11.51	11.43
Auxiliary enterprises	3.32	1.68	2.64
Student aid	2.38	2.56	2.80
Depreciation	7.38	6.33	5.12
Total operating expenses	<u>111.43</u>	<u>103.90</u>	<u>98.80</u>
Operating loss	<u>(46.05)</u>	<u>(39.52)</u>	<u>(37.08)</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
State of New Jersey appropriations	33.52	32.14	30.40
State of New Jersey fringe benefit appropriations	16.56	15.31	13.90
Investment income	1.43	1.04	0.20
Interest expense	(4.02)	(2.94)	(1.46)
Other	(0.64)	(0.61)	(0.10)
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>46.85</u>	<u>44.94</u>	<u>42.94</u>
Capital grants and gifts	<u>0.27</u>	<u>2.39</u>	<u>0.60</u>
Increase in net assets	1.07	7.81	6.46
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>89.91</u>	<u>82.10</u>	<u>75.64</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 90.98</u>	<u>89.91</u>	<u>82.10</u>

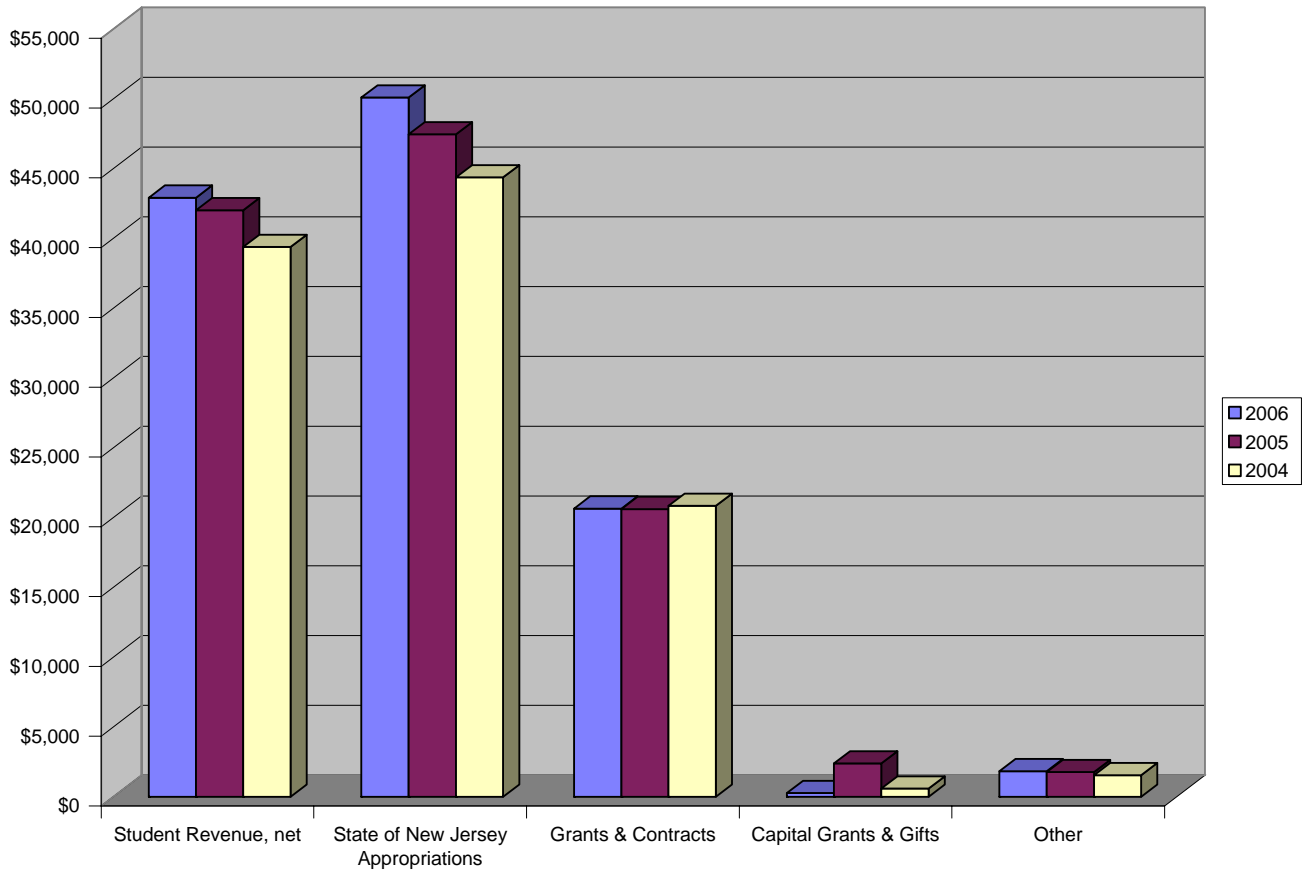
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Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Financial Highlights – Revenues

The University derives its revenue from a variety of sources. The following is an illustration of revenues by source, both operating and nonoperating, which are used to fund the University’s activities for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2004 (amounts in thousands):



	2006				
	Student Revenue, net	State of New Jersey Appropriations	Grants & Contracts	Capital Grants & Gifts	Other Revenues
Amounts (in thousands)	\$ 42,909	\$ 50,084	\$ 20,642	\$ 270	\$ 3,295
Percent	36.6%	42.7%	17.6%	0.2%	2.9%

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		2005				
		Student Revenue, net	State of New Jersey Appropriations	Grants & Contracts	Capital Grants & Gifts	Other Revenues
Amounts (in thousands)	\$	42,008	47,451	20,606	2,391	2,826
Percent		36.4%	41.2%	17.9%	2.1%	2.4%
		2004				
		Student Revenue, net	State of New Jersey Appropriations	Grants & Contracts	Capital Grants & Gifts	Other Revenues
Amounts (in thousands)	\$	39,383	44,366	20,828	591	1,837
Percent		36.8%	41.4%	19.5%	0.6%	1.7%

For 2006, 2005, and 2004, State of New Jersey appropriations and student tuition and fees were the primary sources of funding for the University's academic programs. The State of New Jersey appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$50.1 million, \$47.5 million, and \$44.4 million, respectively. The State of New Jersey appropriations continue to be affected by the economic climate in New Jersey. With cuts to many state programs, the appropriation has remained flat in 2005 and 2006 with only partial funding of the salary program for wage increases that the University is contractually obligated to meet. Total student revenue, net, for fiscal years ending June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$42.9 million, \$42.0 million, and \$39.4 million, respectively. This comprised 36.6%, 36.4%, and 36.8% of the revenue received by the University for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively. Tuition rates were increased by 6.8% for the academic year beginning in fall 2006 and 6.6% for academic year beginning in fall 2005 and 9.0% for the academic year beginning in fall 2004.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, revenues from Federal and State of New Jersey grants were \$20.6 million, \$20.6 million, and \$20.8 million, respectively. The major grant programs and sponsors at the Federal level include Pell, College Work Study, Trio-Upward Bound, Hispanic Serving Institutions – Title V, and Americorps, among others. Major State of New Jersey grant programs include Tuition Aid Grant (TAG), Educational Opportunity Fund, Teacher Preparation Quality & Capacity, GEAR UP, and Youth Corps. Financial aid grants including Pell and TAG increased by \$0.24 million, \$0.5 million, and \$3.3 million, for fiscal years ending June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively. Such increases have been in proportion to the increase in tuition and fees.

During fiscal year 2006 the University recognized revenue relating to one capital grant for \$0.27 million which was used to finance capital expenditures relating to the science fume hood replacement project. During fiscal year 2005 the University recognized revenue relating to two capital grants totaling \$2.4 million. These capital grants were used to finance capital expenditures relating to the completion of the Business Development Incubator.

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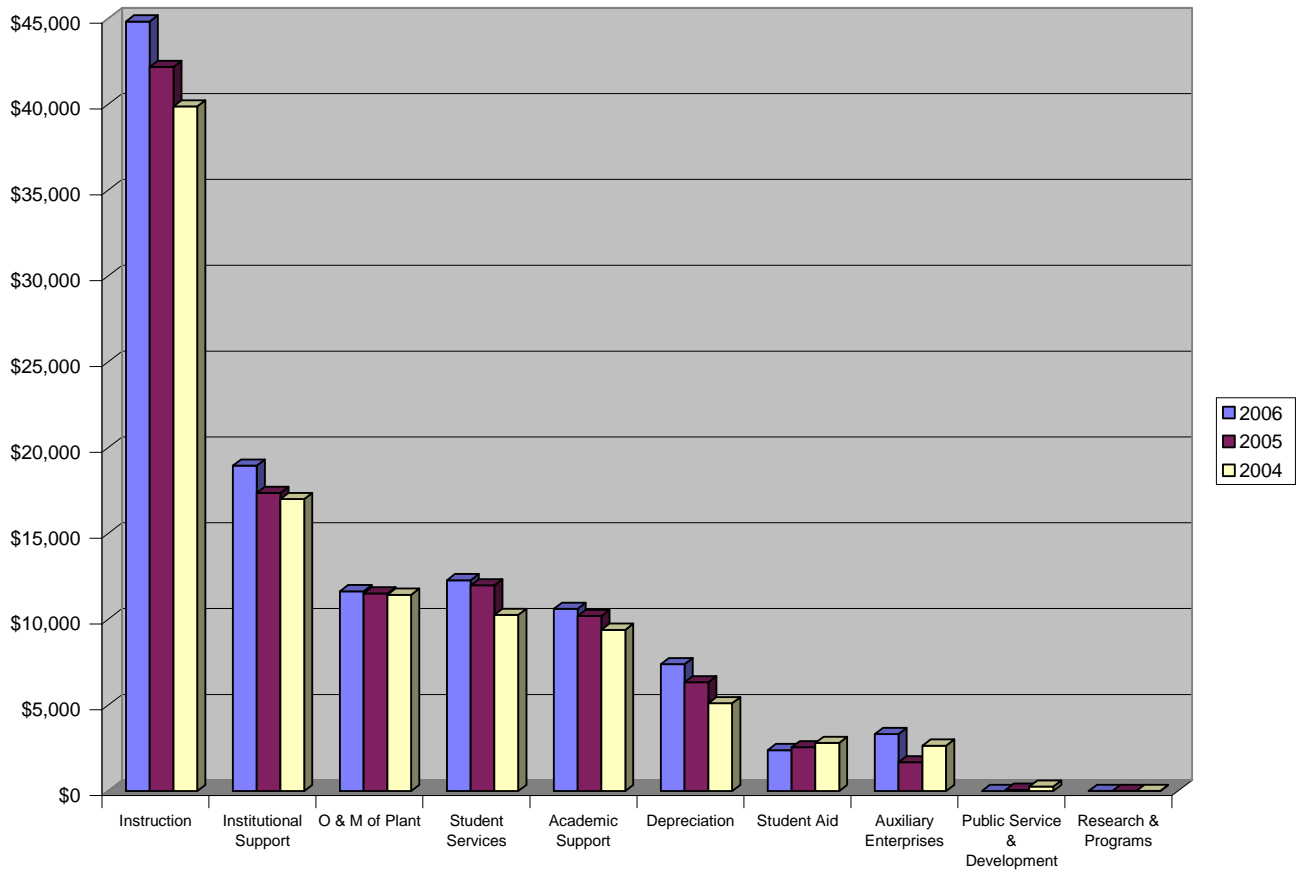
Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2006 and 2005

For the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, investment income was \$1.4 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. The increase in investment income is the result of the improvement in short term rates. For the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 investment income was \$1.0 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, primarily from short-to-intermediate term fixed income investments and investments of bond proceeds deposited with the trustees.

Financial Highlights – Expenses

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the University’s total operating expenses increased \$7.5 million to \$111.4 million from \$103.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2005. The following is an illustration of operating expenses by functional classification for the operating years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2004 (amounts in thousands):



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		2006									
		Instruction	Institutional Support	O & M of Plant	Student Services	Academic Support	Depreciation	Student Aid	Auxiliary Enterprises	Public Service and Development	Research and Programs
Amounts (in thousands) \$		44,833	18,960	11,639	12,280	10,622	7,383	2,383	3,319	5	10
Percent		40.2%	17.0%	10.5%	11.0%	9.5%	6.6%	2.2%	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%
		2005									
		Instruction	Institutional Support	O & M of Plant	Student Services	Academic Support	Depreciation	Student Aid	Auxiliary Enterprises	Public Service and Development	Research and Programs
Amounts (in thousands) \$		42,181	17,368	11,514	11,990	10,199	6,331	2,558	1,680	72	8
Percent		40.6%	16.7%	11.1%	11.5%	9.8%	6.1%	2.5%	1.6%	0.1%	0.0%
		2004									
		Instruction	Institutional Support	O & M of Plant	Student Services	Academic Support	Depreciation	Student Aid	Auxiliary Enterprises	Public Service and Development	Research and Programs
Amounts (in thousands) \$		39,887	17,007	11,431	10,259	9,393	5,120	2,806	2,645	256	8
Percent		40.4%	17.2%	11.5%	10.4%	9.5%	5.2%	2.8%	2.7%	0.3%	0.0%

Total operating expenses increased by \$7.5 million and \$5.1 million for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. These increases were primarily due to increases in salaries, benefits, utilities and bad debt expense. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$61.0 million and \$56.7 million and depreciation expense was \$7.4 million and \$6.3 million, respectively. The University has adopted a strategy of funding depreciation within its budget process.

Capital and Debt Activities

The University is committed to the quality and progression of our academic and community programs. This is apparent in our continuation of our expanding resources and the creation of a better environment for all our stakeholders. In order to develop the University in the ever changing face of progress, we continue to renovate old facilities, build new facilities, acquire adjacent properties and develop our surrounding community.

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Capital additions totaling \$33.2 million in fiscal year 2006 consisted of renovations to the Gilligan Student Union Building, which houses the University's Cafeteria and Book Store, the construction of the Arts & Science Building as well as miscellaneous department renovations throughout the campus. During fiscal year 2006 demolition of the Baldwin Steel facility and adjacent buildings was completed. Capital additions totaling \$33.0 million in fiscal year 2005 consisted of demolition and architect engineer fees related to the development of the West Campus Property, and the completion of the Business Development Incubator and the Black Box Theater. In 2005, the University also incurred costs for the construction of the Arts and Science Building and the renovation of the Gilligan Student Union Building.

In January 2006, the University issued \$5.9 million in Series 2006 C revenue bonds through the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA) to finance the advance refunding of a portion of the NJEFA's Revenue Bonds, New Jersey City University Issue, Series 1999 B, refinance a bank loan in the principal amount of \$5.2 million, and finance the payment of the costs of issuance of the Bonds. Current year capital asset additions were funded with tax-exempt debt, taxable debt, grants, gifts, as well as funds from current operations. In January 2005, the University issued \$21.6 million in Series 2005 A revenue bonds through the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA) to finance capital projects such as the Gilligan Student Union Building Renovations, Campus Roadway Upgrade, Cogeneration Plant, and Information Technology Equipment. In May 2003, the University issued \$50.2 million in Series 2003 A & B revenue bonds through the NJEFA to finance the new Arts & Sciences Tower, the Charter High School, the Business Incubator, the Student Union Building Renovation, and other projects including improvements to the fire sprinkler system, parking facilities, and various renovations.

With regard to future capital needs beyond the projects underway, the University is engaged in an ongoing facility planning process to assure that it has an appropriate and well-maintained campus. Approximately \$90 million in additional facility projects have been identified to meet the needs of the University including a performing arts center, additional student housing, transportation facilities expansion, development of the West Side campus, and the Science Center renovation and expansion, among other projects. Funding for these projects could come from the State of New Jersey, additional bond issues, and/or private fundraising and grants.

Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings Services have assigned debt ratings of "A3" and "A-", respectively, to the University. Bonds that are rated "A" possess many favorable attributes and are considered upper-medium-grade obligations. Factors providing security to principle and interest are considered adequate, while the resources to absorb future financial challenges are not as strong as Aaa or Aa rated institutions.

Long term debt totaled \$125.1 million, \$124.1 million, and \$104.7 million for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively. An institution's ratio of unrestricted financial resources to debt is a key indicator of financial strength. The University's ratio was 17.3%, 16.9%, and 21.7% as of June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, respectively. Additionally, the University's ratio of debt to total capitalization which is an indication of capacity to support additional debt for fiscal years ending June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 was 58.0%, 57.0%, and 56.0%, respectively.

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Economic Factors that could affect the Future

With approximately 42.7% and 41.2% of revenues coming from State of New Jersey appropriations in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, the financial condition of the University is closely linked to that of the State of New Jersey. The state continues to face a budget crisis which may result in potential cuts to many state programs, the possibility of reductions in property tax relief, as well as reduced appropriations for the University. Reduced appropriations in the upcoming years will place a significant burden on tuition and fees to fund the operating costs of the University. The University will be in the final year of its Union contracts in fiscal year 2007. Salary increases that are not funded by the State must be absorbed by the University.

Tuition increases for 2006 and 2005 were 6.8% and 6.6%, respectively. With changing demographics and persistent economic weakness, the outlook for enrollment continues to remain relatively stable. A decline in graduate enrollments has occurred due to a change in the University's policies on matriculation as well as increased competition. This fall, total enrollment was 7,971 compared to 8,433 last year. The University is committed to remaining the most affordable of all the four year state colleges and universities in New Jersey. NJCU has intensified its recruiting and retention efforts in order to maintain enrollment levels in an environment of increasing competition. Fiscal planning for the University is linked to its strategic plan which allocates its scarce resources in order to fulfill its mission of being the best urban university in the United States. However, any future reduction in appropriations may result in higher tuition increases and further cost containment policies will be initiated.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Basic Financial Statements and Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State of New Jersey Awards

The Board of Trustees
New Jersey City University:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of New Jersey City University (the University), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of New Jersey City University Foundation, Inc., a component unit of New Jersey City University. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for New Jersey City University Foundation, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of New Jersey City University Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of New Jersey City University as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2006 on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 11 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of expenditures of Federal and State of New Jersey awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and New Jersey Office of Management and Budget Circular 04-04, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2006 basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the 2006 basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

September 15, 2006

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Statements of Net Assets

Business-Type Activities – University Only

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Assets	2006	2005
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,239,571	548,980
Investments, current portion	5,427,066	6,318,629
Student receivables, net of allowance of \$1,925,000 and \$1,358,000 in 2006 and 2005, respectively	1,535,247	1,744,184
Grants receivables	1,495,469	3,577,799
Other receivables	3,952,510	5,505,078
Deposits held with bond trustees	8,638,708	10,501,956
Other current assets	15,971	52,374
Total current assets	23,304,542	28,249,000
Noncurrent assets:		
Deposits held with bond trustees	21,009,883	44,280,162
Investments, noncurrent portion	12,243,509	10,966,024
Student loans, net of allowance of \$799,000 and \$623,000 in 2006 and 2005, respectively	566,563	727,422
Deferred financing costs, net	2,056,697	1,892,262
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$61,029,000 and \$56,685,000 in 2006 and 2005, respectively	173,311,652	147,518,777
Total noncurrent assets	209,188,304	205,384,647
Total assets	232,492,846	233,633,647
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses:		
Vendor	6,819,569	8,398,437
Payroll	2,067,285	4,116,927
Compensated absences, current portion	2,540,391	1,714,449
Accrued interest	1,173,185	1,178,293
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,600,430	15,408,106
Long term debt, current portion	3,139,244	2,490,194
Deferred student tuition and fees	1,138,443	1,501,217
Deferred grant revenue	454,560	386,224
Total current liabilities	17,332,677	19,785,741
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long term debt, noncurrent portion	121,955,417	121,623,459
Other noncurrent liabilities	2,229,057	2,314,007
Total noncurrent liabilities	124,184,474	123,937,466
Total liabilities	141,517,151	143,723,207
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	60,229,416	60,256,862
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
Renewal and replacement	3,132,310	2,921,540
Debt service reserve	3,689,301	3,812,214
Debt service – principal	2,011,589	1,664,898
Perkins loans	185,004	222,360
Unrestricted	21,728,075	21,032,566
Total net assets	\$ 90,975,695	89,910,440

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC.
(A Component Unit of New Jersey City University)

Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Assets	2006	2005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,308,104	1,887,797
Investments	3,358,000	3,144,539
Prepaid expenses	7,055	—
Other receivables	31,197	30,126
Unconditional promises to give, net of unamortized discount	668,849	702,395
Contribution receivable, charitable remainder annuity trust	1,375,629	1,334,093
Computer equipment, net of accumulated depreciation \$8,870 and \$4,400 in 2006 and 2005, respectively	22,531	17,600
Total assets	\$ 7,771,365	7,116,550
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 142,410	219,270
Note payable, related party	390,000	390,000
Total liabilities	532,410	609,270
Net assets:		
Unrestricted:		
Operating	2,349,642	2,037,301
Board designated	299,442	243,897
Fixed assets	22,531	17,600
Total unrestricted net assets	2,671,615	2,298,798
Donor restricted:		
Temporarily	2,686,858	2,509,754
Permanently	1,880,482	1,698,728
Total net assets	7,238,955	6,507,280
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 7,771,365	7,116,550

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Business-Type Activities – University Only

Years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Operating revenues:		
Student revenue:		
Tuition and fees	\$ 53,161,965	51,576,513
Auxiliary enterprises	5,356,058	5,246,800
Less scholarship allowance	(15,609,187)	(14,815,437)
Total student revenue, net	42,908,836	42,007,876
Federal grants	11,777,114	12,061,378
State of New Jersey grants	8,861,406	8,492,757
Private grants	4,388	52,072
Other operating revenues	1,830,881	1,765,599
Total operating revenues	65,382,625	64,379,682
Operating expenses:		
Instruction	44,833,416	42,181,282
Research and programs	10,186	8,406
Public service and enterprise development	4,646	72,069
Academic support	10,621,980	10,198,595
Student services	12,280,259	11,989,874
Institutional support	18,960,420	17,367,738
Operation and maintenance of plant	11,638,790	11,514,170
Auxiliary enterprises	3,319,198	1,679,792
Student aid	2,382,851	2,557,657
Depreciation	7,383,389	6,331,220
Total operating expenses	111,435,135	103,900,803
Operating loss	(46,052,510)	(39,521,121)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
State of New Jersey appropriations	33,517,000	32,139,000
State of New Jersey fringe benefit appropriations	16,566,695	15,311,740
Gifts to affiliates	(669,391)	(628,661)
Investment income	1,433,060	1,041,105
Interest expense	(4,025,001)	(2,938,441)
Gain on disposal of capital assets	31,424	18,994
Other nonoperating expenses	(5,602)	(24,446)
Net nonoperating revenues	46,848,185	44,919,291
Income before other revenues	795,675	5,398,170
Other revenues:		
Capital grants and gifts	269,580	2,390,750
Increase in net assets	1,065,255	7,788,920
Net assets as of beginning of year	89,910,440	82,121,520
Net assets as of end of year	\$ 90,975,695	89,910,440

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC.

(A Component Unit of New Jersey City University)

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2006

	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Temporarily Restricted</u>	<u>Permanently Restricted</u>	<u>Total</u>
Support and revenues:				
Support from public contributions	\$ 392,699	192,896	181,754	767,349
Development grants and contracts	134,536	232,040	—	366,576
Contributed services and facilities	810,324	—	—	810,324
Interest and dividend income	149,309	—	—	149,309
Rental income	240,828	—	—	240,828
Credit card commissions	10,226	—	—	10,226
Events	131,339	—	—	131,339
Appreciation in market value of investments	146,501	—	—	146,501
Net assets released from restrictions in satisfaction of program restrictions	247,832	(247,832)	—	—
Total support and revenues	2,263,594	177,104	181,754	2,622,452
Expenses:				
Program services	1,167,306	—	—	1,167,306
Management and general	262,759	—	—	262,759
Fund-raising	384,919	—	—	384,919
Events	75,793	—	—	75,793
Total expenses	1,890,777	—	—	1,890,777
Change in net assets	372,817	177,104	181,754	731,675
Net assets, beginning of year	2,298,798	2,509,754	1,698,728	6,507,280
Net assets, end of year	\$ <u>2,671,615</u>	<u>2,686,858</u>	<u>1,880,482</u>	<u>7,238,955</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION, INC.

(A Component Unit of New Jersey City University)

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2005

	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Temporarily Restricted</u>	<u>Permanently Restricted</u>	<u>Total</u>
Support and revenues:				
Support from public contributions	\$ 692,225	140,451	125,872	958,548
Development grants and contracts	167,125	100,000	—	267,125
Charitable annuity remainder trust	—	1,334,093	—	1,334,093
Contributed services and facilities	728,650	—	—	728,650
Interest and dividend income	95,491	—	—	95,491
Rental income	104,290	—	—	104,290
Events	437,802	—	—	437,802
Appreciation in market value of investments	174,801	—	—	174,801
Net assets released from restrictions in satisfaction of program restrictions	90,084	(90,084)	—	—
Total support and revenues	<u>2,490,468</u>	<u>1,484,460</u>	<u>125,872</u>	<u>4,100,800</u>
Expenses:				
Program services	1,022,853	—	—	1,022,853
Management and general	160,483	—	—	160,483
Fund-raising	414,608	—	—	414,608
Events	222,582	—	—	222,582
Total expenses	<u>1,820,526</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,820,526</u>
Change in net assets	669,942	1,484,460	125,872	2,280,274
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>1,628,856</u>	<u>1,025,294</u>	<u>1,572,856</u>	<u>4,227,006</u>
Net assets, end of year	\$ <u><u>2,298,798</u></u>	<u><u>2,509,754</u></u>	<u><u>1,698,728</u></u>	<u><u>6,507,280</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Statements of Cash Flows
Business-Type Activities – University Only
Years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Student receipts	\$ 36,560,047	35,989,868
Grants and contracts	22,805,942	20,471,190
Payments for salaries and benefits	(72,032,609)	(64,911,503)
Payments to suppliers	(12,362,359)	(15,692,537)
Payments for utilities	(3,286,028)	(2,431,600)
Payments to students	(2,382,851)	(2,557,657)
Loans issued to students	(135,025)	(132,316)
Collection of loans from students	119,533	166,672
Auxiliary enterprises	3,634,849	3,666,331
Other receipts	1,182,861	319,630
Net cash used by operating activities	(25,895,640)	(25,111,922)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
State of New Jersey appropriations	38,136,375	36,379,103
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	38,136,375	36,379,103
Cash flows from capital financing activities:		
Proceeds from capital debt	8,977,063	21,575,000
Capital grants and gifts	302,586	45,375
Purchase of capital assets	(33,074,878)	(30,658,904)
Bond issuance costs	(258,844)	(456,581)
Principal paid on note payable	(5,200,000)	—
Principal paid on capital debt	(2,796,055)	(2,218,590)
Interest paid on capital debt	(3,840,134)	(3,019,867)
Drawdowns on deposits held with trustees	25,937,323	17,067,761
Deposits made with trustees	(1,106,776)	(21,348,611)
Net cash used by capital financing activities	(11,059,715)	(19,014,417)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investments	(411,224)	(143,475)
Interest on investments	920,795	486,988
Net cash provided by investing activities	509,571	343,513
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,690,591	(7,403,723)
Cash and cash equivalents as of beginning of year	548,980	7,952,703
Cash and cash equivalents as of end of year	\$ 2,239,571	548,980
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (46,052,510)	(39,521,121)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Bad debt expense	1,072,415	270,848
Amortization expense	94,409	81,645
State of New Jersey paid fringe benefits expense	11,527,570	11,071,637
Depreciation expense	7,383,389	6,331,220
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables, net	3,261,457	(4,702,855)
Other assets, current and noncurrent	36,405	(49,420)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,924,337)	1,372,250
Deferred revenue	(294,438)	33,874
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (25,895,640)	(25,111,922)
Noncash transactions:		
Gifts	\$ 669,391	628,661
State of New Jersey paid fringe benefits revenue	11,527,570	11,071,637
State of New Jersey paid fringe benefits expense	(11,527,570)	(11,071,637)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

New Jersey City University (the University), formerly Jersey City State College, is a public institution of higher education in the State of New Jersey (the State). Effective May 29, 1998, the New Jersey Commission on Higher Education approved the name change and university status. Under the law, the University is an instrumentality of the State of New Jersey with a high degree of autonomy. However, under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, the University is considered a component unit of the State of New Jersey for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the University's financial statements are included in the State of New Jersey's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The University, located in Hudson County, is dedicated to urban programs designed to meet the complex economic, social, and educational problems of the "inner" cities of metropolitan New Jersey. The urban mission is unique among the State Colleges and Universities of New Jersey, and in order to strengthen this mission, the University has embarked on a plan designed to make it the premier Cooperative Education University in the State. The University serves thousands of residents of the northeast corner of the State. Approximately 10% of the student population is comprised of men and women from other areas of New Jersey, adjacent states, and foreign countries. The operation and management of the University is vested in its nine member board of trustees.

Special features of the campus include the A. Harry Moore Laboratory School for Special Education, the Center for Teaching and Learning, the Small Business Development Center, the Margaret Williams Theater for the Performing Arts, the Black Box Theater, and the Small Business Development Incubator. The University's John J. Moore Athletic and Fitness Center has a gymnasium, fitness center, swimming pool, and modern dance studio. The University has three auditoriums, in addition to its approximately 145 classrooms and laboratories.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accounting policies of the University conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to public colleges and universities. The University reports are based on all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Review Boards of the Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The University has elected not to apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

GASB Statement No. 35 establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net asset categories.

- *Invested in capital assets, net of related debt:* Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- *Restricted – expendable:* Net assets whose use by the University is subject to externally imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the University pursuant to the stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.
- *Unrestricted:* Net assets not subject to externally imposed stipulations that may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the board of trustees or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties. Substantially all unrestricted net assets are designated for academic programs, initiatives, and capital programs.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources, and then towards unrestricted resources.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. The University reports as a business type activity, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. Business type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The University classifies as cash equivalents, resources that are in short term, highly liquid investments and are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. These funds mature in three months or less.

The University invests portions of its cash in two funds, a money market fund which permits the overnight sweep of available cash balances directly into a short term investment, and the State of New Jersey Cash Management fund wherein amounts also contributed by other state entities are combined into a large scale investment program. Both are interest bearing accounts from which the funds are available upon demand.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Investments

Investments are recorded in the financial statements at fair value, which is based on quoted market price. Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on the trade-date basis. Investment income is recorded on an accrual basis. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported in investment income.

Deposits Held with Bond Trustees

Deposits held with bond trustees are recorded in the financial statements at fair value, which is based at quoted market price and consist of cash and cash equivalents, money market accounts, U.S. Treasury notes and government securities, and New Jersey Cash Management Fund. Deposits held with bond trustees that are externally restricted to maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital or other noncurrent assets are classified as noncurrent assets in the statements of net assets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at historical cost or if the asset is donated, at fair market value on the date the asset was donated. The costs for replacements are capitalized and the replaced items are retired. Gain or losses resulting from disposal of capital assets are included in nonoperating revenues (expenses). Depreciation is calculated on the straight line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	10 years
Buildings and building improvements	20 to 40 years
Equipment and other assets	5 to 15 years

Deferred Financing Costs

The University capitalizes costs incurred in connection with its long term debt and amortizes these costs over the life of the respective obligations.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues from student tuition and fees and auxiliary enterprises are presented net of scholarships applied to student accounts and are recognized in the period earned. Other payments made directly to students are presented as scholarships and are included in operating expenses in the period incurred. Student tuition and fees and deposits collected in advance of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying statements of net assets.

Grant revenue is comprised mainly of funds received from grants from Federal and State of New Jersey sources and is recognized as the related expenses are incurred. Amounts received from grants which have not yet been earned under the terms of the agreements are included in deferred revenue in the accompanying statements of net assets.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Revenue from State of New Jersey appropriations is recognized in the fiscal year during which the State of New Jersey appropriates the funds to the University.

Classification of Revenue

The University's policy for defining operating activities in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets are those that serve the University's principal purpose and generally result from exchange transactions such as the payment received for services. Examples include (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, (2) auxiliary enterprises, and (3) most Federal and State grants. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as operating appropriations from the State, net investment income, and gifts and capital grants and gifts.

Income Taxes

The University is exempt from Federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 115.

Financial Dependency

Appropriations from the State of New Jersey are the University's largest source of nonoperating revenue. The University is economically dependent on these appropriations to carry on its operations.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Effective July 1, 2004, the University adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3 and, accordingly, the University has assessed the Custodial Credit Risk, the Concentration of Credit Risk, Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk of its cash and cash equivalents and investments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of cash as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$2,239,571 and \$548,980, respectively, while the amount on deposit with banks was \$3,205,777 and \$4,122,813, respectively.

Custodial credit risk associated with the University's cash and cash equivalents includes uncollateralized deposits, including any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the University's name. The University's bank deposits as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 were partially insured by Federal Depository Insurance in the amount of \$100,000. Bank balances in excess of insured amounts totaling \$3,105,777 in 2006 and \$4,022,813 in 2005, are collateralized in accordance with Chapter 64 of Title 18A of New Jersey Statutes.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

The University participates in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund wherein amounts also contributed by other State entities are combined into a large scale investment program. The carrying amount and fair value as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 were \$6,270,279 and \$1,009,055, respectively.

Statutes of the State of New Jersey and Regulations of the State Investment Council authorize the New Jersey Division of Investment to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and municipal or political subdivisions of the State, commercial paper, bankers acceptances, revenue obligations of public authorities, debt instruments of banks, collateralized notes, and mortgages, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, equity, and convertible equity securities, and other common types of investment securities. Investee institutions and organizations are prescribed by the statutes and regulations based on such criteria as minimum capital, dividend paying history, credit history, and other evaluation factors.

Investments

Investments consist of the following as of June 30, 2006 and 2005:

	2006	2005
Cash and money market accounts	\$ 6,858	924,519
U.S. Treasury notes	2,462,637	3,469,324
Corporate notes and bonds	15,201,080	12,890,810
	17,670,575	17,284,653
Less noncurrent portion	(12,243,509)	(10,966,024)
Investments, current portion	\$ 5,427,066	6,318,629

The University's investments are subject to custodial credit risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk and interest rate risk. Each one of these risks is discussed in more detail below.

The University's investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the University and are held by either: the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the University's name. The investment risk is that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the University will not be able to recover the sale of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the University's investments are either insured, registered, or held by the University's investment custodian in the University's name.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. GASB 40 requires that disclosure be made as to the credit rating of all fixed income securities except obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's). As of June 30, 2006 and 2005 the University's investment quality ratings as rated by Moody's were as follows:

Investment type	2006	
	Quality rating	Amount
Money market accounts and U.S. Treasury notes		\$ 2,469,495
Corporate notes and bonds	AAA	4,476,246
Corporate notes and bonds	AA3	2,635,342
Corporate notes and bonds	AA2	1,096,546
Corporate notes and bonds	A3 and lower	6,992,946
		\$ 17,670,575

Investment type	2005	
	Quality rating	Amount
Money market accounts and U.S. Treasury notes		\$ 4,393,843
Corporate notes and bonds	AAA	2,220,287
Corporate notes and bonds	AA3	2,109,025
Corporate notes and bonds	AA2	1,609,779
Corporate notes and bonds	AA1	356,123
Corporate notes and bonds	A3 and lower	6,595,596
		\$ 17,284,653

The University participates in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund wherein amounts also contributed by other State entities are combined into a large scale investment program. The cash management fund is unrated.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with the amount of investments the University has with any one issuer that exceed five percent or more of its total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. The University's investment policy provides limitations pertaining to the diversification of the investment portfolio.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The University's investment policy provides limitations in the maturities of the various types of investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate fluctuations. The following tables summarize investment maturities as of June 30, 2006 and 2005:

		2006			
		Investment maturities (in years)			
Investment type	Fair value	Less than 1	1 to 2	Greater than 2	
Cash and money market accounts	\$ 6,858	6,858	—	—	
U.S. Treasury notes	2,462,637	494,952	495,305	1,472,380	
Corporate notes and bonds	15,201,080	4,925,256	2,788,728	7,487,096	
	<u>\$ 17,670,575</u>	<u>5,427,066</u>	<u>3,284,033</u>	<u>8,959,476</u>	

		2005			
		Investment maturities (in years)			
Investment type	Fair value	Less than 1	1 to 2	Greater than 2	
Money market accounts	\$ 924,519	924,519	—	—	
U.S. Treasury notes	3,469,324	1,486,540	493,501	1,489,283	
Corporate notes and bonds	12,890,810	3,907,570	4,230,852	4,752,388	
	<u>\$ 17,284,653</u>	<u>6,318,629</u>	<u>4,724,353</u>	<u>6,241,671</u>	

(3) Deposits Held With Bond Trustees

Deposits held with bond trustees include funds held by The Bank of New York, Wachovia Bank, and Trust Company of NJ under the terms of various long term debt agreements. Deposits held with bond trustees are carried in the financial statements at fair value and consist of the following:

	2006	2005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,725	1,443
Money market accounts	4,044,180	1,497,731
U.S. Treasury notes and government securities	7,758,652	10,514,821
Corporate notes and bonds	17,844,034	—
New Jersey Cash Management Fund	—	42,768,123
	<u>29,648,591</u>	<u>54,782,118</u>
Less noncurrent portion	<u>(21,009,883)</u>	<u>(44,280,162)</u>
Deposits held with bond trustees, current portion	<u>\$ 8,638,708</u>	<u>10,501,956</u>

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

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The University's investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the University and are held by either: the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the University's name.

As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the University's deposits held with bond trustees are invested in money market accounts or U.S. Treasury notes or government securities guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The following table summarizes deposits held with bond trustees maturities as of June 30, 2006 and 2005:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>2006</u>	
		<u>Investment maturities</u>	
		<u>(in years)</u>	
		<u>Less than 1</u>	<u>1 to 2</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,725	1,725	—
Money market accounts	4,044,180	4,044,180	—
U.S. Treasury notes and government securities	7,758,652	7,746,312	12,340
Corporate notes and bonds	17,844,034	17,844,034	—
	<u>\$ 29,648,591</u>	<u>29,636,251</u>	<u>12,340</u>

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>2005</u>	
		<u>Investment maturities</u>	
		<u>(in years)</u>	
		<u>Less than 1</u>	<u>1 to 2</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,443	1,443	—
Money market accounts	1,497,731	1,497,731	—
U.S. Treasury notes and government securities	10,514,821	10,514,821	—
New Jersey Cash Management Fund	42,768,123	—	42,768,123
	<u>\$ 54,782,118</u>	<u>12,013,995</u>	<u>42,768,123</u>

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(4) Capital Assets

The detail of capital assets activity for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 follows:

	June 30, 2005	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2006
Depreciable assets:				
Land improvements	\$ 799,943	—	—	799,943
Buildings and building improvements	116,135,194	6,271,786	—	122,406,980
Equipment and other assets	41,398,451	3,441,938	(3,054,340)	41,786,049
	158,333,588	9,713,724	(3,054,340)	164,992,972
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(494,913)	(68,530)	—	(563,443)
Buildings and building improvements	(34,819,352)	(3,691,501)	—	(38,510,853)
Equipment and other assets	(21,370,782)	(3,623,358)	3,039,065	(21,955,075)
	(56,685,047)	(7,383,389)	3,039,065	(61,029,371)
	101,648,541	2,330,335	(15,275)	103,963,601
Nondepreciable assets:				
Land	13,519,476	608,482	—	14,127,958
Construction in progress	32,350,760	32,178,950	(9,309,617)	55,220,093
	\$ 147,518,777	35,117,767	(9,324,892)	173,311,652
	June 30, 2004	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2005
Depreciable assets:				
Land improvements	\$ 796,133	3,810	—	799,943
Buildings and building improvements	109,072,734	7,062,460	—	116,135,194
Equipment and other assets	30,554,876	11,152,339	(308,764)	41,398,451
	140,423,743	18,218,609	(308,764)	158,333,588
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(426,542)	(68,371)	—	(494,913)
Buildings and building improvements	(31,459,870)	(3,359,482)	—	(34,819,352)
Equipment and other assets	(18,742,918)	(2,903,367)	275,503	(21,370,782)
	(50,629,330)	(6,331,220)	275,503	(56,685,047)
	89,794,413	11,887,389	(33,261)	101,648,541
Nondepreciable assets:				
Land	13,519,476	—	—	13,519,476
Construction in progress	17,541,362	31,206,951	(16,397,553)	32,350,760
	\$ 120,855,251	43,094,340	(16,430,814)	147,518,777

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Estimated costs to complete the projects classified as construction in progress as of June 30, 2006 approximated \$23.5 million and are anticipated to be funded primarily from State of New Jersey financial assistance, bond financing, and other unrestricted resources. During 2006 and 2005, the University capitalized interest income of approximately \$342,000 and \$254,000, respectively, and interest expense of approximately \$1,335,000 and \$1,034,000, respectively, which is included in construction in progress in the accompanying statements of net assets.

(5) Long Term Debt

The University has financed capital assets through various revenue bonds issued by the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (the Authority). The University has pledged all net revenue derived from the operation of the dormitories, student center, recreation center, academic building and athletic and recreation facilities as security. Estimated costs in connection with these capital assets of approximately \$79.9 million and \$98.5 million as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, are included in the accompanying statements of net assets. The following obligations to the Authority were outstanding as of June 30, 2006 and 2005:

	<u>Interest rate</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Bonds payable:			
New Jersey Educational Facility			
Authority Revenue Bonds:			
Series 1977 C Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2010	6.29%	\$ 2,555,000	2,975,000
Series 1995 C Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2007	3.80 – 4.90%	505,000	740,000
Series 1998 E Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2028	4.40 – 9.00%	6,170,000	6,315,000
Series 1999 B Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2018	4.40 – 5.00%	10,260,000	10,835,000
Series 1999 B Revenue Bonds, due July 1, 2019, 2020, and 2022	4.75 – 5.00%	4,625,000	5,075,000
Series 2002 A Revenue Bonds, due serially to 2032	3.00 – 5.00%	14,290,000	14,575,000
Series 2003 A Revenue Bonds, due July 1, 2032	Variable (3.679% as of June 30, 2006)	47,800,000	47,850,000
Series 2003 B Revenue Bonds, due July 1, 2018	5.45%	2,300,000	2,300,000
Series 2005 A Revenue Bonds, due July 1, 2035	Variable (3.750% as of June 30, 2006)	21,575,000	21,575,000
Series 2006 C Revenue Bonds, due July 1, 2036	Variable (5.150% as of June 30, 2006)	5,950,000	—
Total bonds payable		<u>116,030,000</u>	<u>112,240,000</u>

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	Interest rate	2006	2005
Other long term debt:			
New Jersey Educational Facility Authority Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund Series 2000 B	4.13 – 5.75%	\$ 4,820,001	5,028,334
New Jersey Educational Facility Authority Equipment Leasing Fund Series 2001 A	3.50 – 5.00%	136,590	266,559
New Jersey Educational Facility Authority Dorm Safety 2001 A and B	4.50%	551,995	607,197
New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust Loan 2005 A	4.00 – 5.00%	780,000	—
New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Fund Loan 2005 A	—	2,198,237	—
Various capital lease obligations	5.00%	577,838	771,563
Total other long term debt		9,064,661	6,673,653
Total long term debt		125,094,661	118,913,653
Less noncurrent portion		(121,955,417)	(116,423,459)
Total long term debt, current portion		\$ 3,139,244	2,490,194

On January 18, 2005, the University issued through the Authority \$21,575,000 of Series 2005 A Revenue Bonds. The Series 2005 A bonds bear interest at a Dutch Auction Rate (3.75% as of June 30, 2006). The purpose of the Series 2005 A bonds was to finance capital projects such as the Gilligan Student Union Building Renovations, Campus Roadway Upgrade, Cogeneration Plant, and Information Technology Equipment.

In November 2005, the University received approximately \$3 million from the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust 2005 Environmental Infrastructure Financing Program to be utilized for the University's campus expansion project, the West Campus.

In January 2006, the University issued \$5.95 million in Series 2006 C revenue bonds through the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA) to finance the advance refunding of a portion of the NJEFA's Revenue Bonds, New Jersey City University Issue, Series 1999 B, refinance a bank loan in the principal amount of \$5.2 million, and finance the payment of the costs of issuance of the Bonds.

Interest Rate Swaps

As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate bonds, the Authority has entered into three interest rate swaps.

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2003 A Synthetic Fixed Swap

In May of 2003, in connection with its \$47,850,000 Series 2003 A floating rate bonds, the University entered into an interest rate swap. The intention of the swap was to effectively change the Authority's floating interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate of 3.245%.

The bonds and the related swap agreement mature on July 1, 2032, and the swap's notional amount of \$22,000,000 matches a portion of the \$47,850,000 floating rate bonds. The swap was entered at the same time the bonds were issued. Starting in fiscal year 2005, the notional value of the swap and the principal amount of the associated debt declined per their respective schedules. Under the swap, the Authority pays the counterparty a fixed payment of 3.245% and receives a variable payment computed as 67% of the one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Conversely, the bond's floating rate coupons are based on a short-term tax-exempt rate which is a market rate that correlates to The Bond Market Association Municipal Swap Index (BMA).

Interest rates have increased positively impacting the fair value of the swap since execution. The swap had a fair value of \$1,284,659 as of June 30, 2006 and a fair value of (\$745,781) as of June 30, 2005. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap.

As of June 30, 2006, the Authority was exposed to credit risk because the swap had a favorable fair value. As of June 30, 2005, the Authority was exposed to reduced credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value in the amount of the derivative's fair value of (\$745,781). The swap counterparty was rated A by Standard & Poor's and Aa3 by Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2006 and 2005. To mitigate the potential for credit risk, if the counterparty's credit quality falls below AA-/Aa3 by at least one rating agency, the fair value of the swap will be fully collateralized by the counterparty with U.S. government securities. Collateral would be posted with a third-party custodian.

The swap exposes the University to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and the floating rate bonds converge, changing the overall synthetic rate on the bonds. The effect of this difference in basis is indicated by the difference between the intended synthetic rate (3.245%) and the overall synthetic rate as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 of (3.325%) and (3.157%), respectively. If a change occurs that results in the rates' moving to convergence, the expected cost of savings may not be realized. As of June 30, 2006, the floating bond rate was 3.66%, whereas 67% of LIBOR was 3.58%. As of June 30, 2005, the floating bond rate was 2.15%, whereas 67% of LIBOR was 2.238%.

The Authority or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The swap may be terminated by the Authority if the counterparty's credit quality rating falls below "BBB-" as issued by Standard & Poor's or "Baa3" as issued by Moody's Investors Service. If the swap is terminated, the floating rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

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Using rates as of June 30, 2006, debt service requirements of the swapped portion of variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows. As rates vary, floating rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

	Floating rate bonds		Interest rate swap, net	Total
	Principal	Interest		
Fiscal year ending June 30:				
2007	\$ 45,000	801,906	(73,399)	773,507
2008	45,000	800,259	(73,248)	772,011
2009	120,000	795,867	(72,846)	843,021
2010	130,000	791,109	(72,410)	848,699
2011	130,000	786,351	(71,975)	844,376
2012-2032	21,485,000	10,792,242	(987,815)	31,289,427
	<u>\$ 21,955,000</u>	<u>14,767,734</u>	<u>(1,351,693)</u>	<u>35,371,041</u>

2005 A Synthetic Fixed Swap

In January 2005 the Authority entered into a synthetic fixed rate swap in connection with its Series 2005 A floating rate bonds. The intention of the swap was to effectively change the Authority's floating interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate of 3.355%.

The bonds and the related swap agreement mature on July 1, 2035, and the swap's notional amount of \$21,575,000 matches the principal amount of the Series 2005 A floating rate bonds. The swap was entered at the same time the bonds were issued. Under the swap, the Authority pays the counterparty a fixed payment of 3.355% and receives a variable payment equivalent to the (BMA) through January 1, 2007 and computed as 67% of the one-month (LIBOR) thereafter. Conversely, the bond's floating rate coupons are based on a tax-exempt floating rate which is a market rate that correlates to The Bond Market Association Municipal Swap Index (BMA).

The swap had a fair value of \$828,257 as of June 30, 2006 and a fair value of (\$843,564) as of June 30, 2005. The fair value was estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap.

The swap counterparty was rated A+ by Standard & Poor's and Aa3 by Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2006. To mitigate the potential for credit risk, if the counterparty's credit quality falls below AA-/Aa3 by at least one rating agency, the fair value of the swap will be fully collateralized by the counterparty with U.S. government securities. Collateral would be posted with a third-party custodian.

During the initial period of the swap when the variable rate is based on the BMA index, the Authority is exposed to interest rate risk since the bonds are reset at a tax-exempt floating rate similar, but not necessarily the same as the BMA tax-exempt index.

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After the initial variable rate period of the swap, the Authority will be exposed to basis risk since the variable leg will then be based on 67% of the one month LIBOR. The swap exposes the University to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and the floating rate bonds converge, changing the overall synthetic rate on the bonds. The effect of this difference in basis is indicated by the difference between the intended synthetic rate (3.355%) and the overall synthetic rate as of June 30, 2006, 3.135%. If a change occurs that results in the rates' moving to convergence, the expected cost of savings may not be realized. As of June 30, 2006, the floating bond rate was 3.75%, whereas BMA was 3.97%.

The Authority or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The swap may be terminated by the Authority if the counterparty's credit quality rating falls below "BBB-" as issued by Standard & Poor's or "Baa3" as issued by Moody's Investors Service. If the swap is terminated, the floating rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Using rates as of June 30, 2006, debt service requirements of the swapped portion of variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows. As rates vary, floating rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

	<u>Floating rate bonds</u>		<u>Interest rate</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>swap, net</u>	
Fiscal year ending June 30:				
2007	\$ 550,000	804,375	(131,918)	1,222,457
2008	775,000	775,313	(127,151)	1,423,162
2009	800,000	745,313	(122,231)	1,423,082
2010	825,000	714,375	(117,158)	1,422,217
2011	850,000	682,500	(111,930)	1,420,570
2012-2032	17,775,000	9,284,063	(1,522,586)	25,536,477
	<u>\$ 21,575,000</u>	<u>13,005,939</u>	<u>(2,132,974)</u>	<u>32,447,965</u>

Basis Swap

In January 2005, the Authority entered into a Basis Swap in order to hedge interest rate risk by converting its remaining Series 2003 A variable rate bonds, which trades based on BMA, into variable rate debt based on 78.05% of LIBOR.

The bonds and the related Basis Swap agreement mature on July 1, 2032, and the swap's notional amount of \$25,850,000 match the variable rate bonds. Beginning in fiscal year 2005, the notional value of the swap and the principal amount of the associated debt will decline. Under the Basis Swap agreement, the Authority pays the counterparty a variable payment based on The Bond Market Association Municipal Swap Index (BMA) and receives a variable payment computed as 78.05% of one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR).

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The Basis Swap had a fair value of \$349,675 as of June 30, 2006 and a fair value of (\$501,432) as of June 30, 2005. The fair value was calculated using the zero coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each further net settlement on the swap.

As of June 30, 2006, the Authority was exposed to credit risk because the Basis Swap had a positive fair value. The Authority would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. The Basis Swap counterparty was rated Aa3 by Moody's and A+ by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2006. To mitigate credit risk, if the counterparty's credit quality falls below by Baa3 by Moody's or BBB- by Standard & Poor's, the fair value of the Basis Swap will be fully collateralized by the counterparty with U.S. government securities. Collateral would be posted with a third-party custodian.

The Basis Swap exposes the Authority to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and BMA converge, changing the synthetic variable rate on the bonds. The effect of this difference in basis is indicated by the difference between BMA and 78.05% of LIBOR. If a change occurs that results in the rates' moving to convergence, the expected cost of savings may not be realized. As of June 30, 2006, the BMA rate was 3.97%, whereas 78.05% of LIBOR was 4.17%.

The Authority or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for that payment.

Using rates as of June 30, 2006, debt service requirements of the swapped portion of variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows. As rates vary, floating rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

	Floating rate bonds		Interest rate swap, net	Total
	Principal	Interest		
Fiscal year ending June 30:				
2007	\$ 5,000	969,000	(51,680)	922,320
2008	55,000	966,938	(51,570)	970,368
2009	55,000	964,875	(51,460)	968,415
2010	70,000	962,250	(51,320)	980,930
2011	20,000	961,500	(51,280)	930,220
2012-2032	25,640,000	14,751,375	(786,740)	39,604,635
	<u>\$ 25,845,000</u>	<u>19,575,938</u>	<u>(1,044,050)</u>	<u>44,376,888</u>

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2006 LIBOR Yield Curve Basis Swaps

In June 2006, the Authority entered into three LIBOR Yield Curve Basis Swaps (Basis Swaps) for the benefit of the University to enhance the 2003A Synthetic Fixed Rate Swap, 2005A Synthetic Fixed Rate Swap and the 2003A Basis Swap. The purpose of each of the basis swaps is to effectively lower the overall borrowing costs of each associated bond issues. The University has entered into the basis swap with the purpose of extending the tenor of the variable leg of each of the swaps due to the relatively flat yield curve. Each of the basis swaps convert the floating rates of the 2003A Synthetic Fixed Rate Swap, 2005A Synthetic Fixed Rate Swap and the 2003A Basis Swap from a percentage of one month LIBOR to a percentage of the five year USD-ISDA-Swap Rate.

All of the basic terms of the basis swaps match each of the related swap and bond issues. Under each basis swap agreement, the University pays and receives the following variable rate indexes based on the table below:

Description	Authority receives % of 5 year USD-ISDA- Swap Rate	Authority pays 1% of 1 month LIBOR
\$22 million Series 2003A LIBOR Yield Curve Basis Swap	61.87%	67%
\$21.575 million Series 2005A Yield Curve Basis Swap	61.50%	67%
\$25.85 million Series 2003A Yield Curve Basis Swap	72.50%	78.05%

As of June 30, 2006, the Authority was not exposed to credit risk because each of the basis swaps had a negative fair value. The counterparty for each basis swap remained the same as the related swap. As of June 30, 2006 each of the basis swaps had the following fair values:

Description	Fair value
\$22 million Series 2003A LIBOR Yield Curve Basis Swap	\$ (138,869)
\$21.575 million Series 2005A Yield Curve Basis Swap	(156,668)
\$25.85 million Series 2003A Yield Curve Basis Swap	(300,180)

The fair value was calculated using the zero coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each further net settlement on the swap.

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The basis swap exposes the Authority to yield curve risk should the spread of one month LIBOR minus the five year USD-ISDA-Swap Rate becomes positive. The negative effects of yield curve risk are caused by an inversion of the associated yield curve resulting in the Authority paying a higher overall borrowing cost. As way to mitigate this inherent risk over the short-term, the Authority has executed the transaction based on a forward effective date beginning in June 2007.

The Authority or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the Authority would be liable to the counterparty for that payment.

Capital Leases

The University has entered into various capital lease purchase agreements for equipment which are principally for the duration of one to five years depending on the application and financial advantage to the University. Such agreements are essential to the normal operation of the University, and it is expected that these arrangements, where applicable, would be renegotiated when financially advantageous. The payments of these agreements include a 5% charge for interest. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the net present value of the aggregate capitalized lease obligation associated with these agreements, which excludes future interest payments, is approximately \$577,838 and \$771,563, respectively. The fiscal year 2006 and 2005 payments for these capitalized lease obligations were \$242,558 and \$274,341, respectively.

Future Minimum Payments

The following is a schedule of future minimum principal and interest payments on the University's long term debt obligations as of June 30, 2006:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
Year ending June 30:		
2007	\$ 3,139,244	4,657,465
2008	3,355,171	4,704,139
2009	3,251,575	4,569,375
2010	3,341,542	4,439,660
2011	<u>3,462,128</u>	<u>4,300,818</u>
2007-2011 subtotal	16,549,660	22,671,457
2012-2016	17,855,025	17,908,342
2017-2021	21,660,873	15,579,376
2022-2026	23,429,103	11,192,709
2027-2031	25,715,000	6,879,728
2032-2036	13,935,000	2,472,475
2037	5,950,000	267,750
	<u>\$ 125,094,661</u>	<u>76,971,837</u>

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Line of Credit

On February 20, 2004 the University entered into a secured commercial revolving credit loan agreement with Fleet National Bank (the Lender) in the amount of \$7,500,000. As of June 30, 2006 and 2005, the outstanding balance was \$0 and \$5,200,000, respectively. In January 2006, the University issued \$5.9 million in Series 2006 C revenue bonds through the New Jersey Educational Facilities Authority (NJEFA) of which \$5.2 million was utilized to pay the outstanding line of credit.

On July 3, 2006 the University entered into a secured commercial revolving credit loan agreement with Bank of America in the amount of \$5,000,000. This line of credit is available through June 30, 2007.

(6) Noncurrent Liabilities

The following table summarizes the changes in noncurrent liabilities during the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005:

	<u>June 30, 2005</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>June 30, 2006</u>	<u>Current portion</u>
Long term debt	\$ 124,113,653	8,977,063	(7,996,055)	125,094,661	3,139,244
Other noncurrent liabilities:					
U.S. government grants refundable	667,081	—	(112,070)	555,011	—
Compensated absences	3,361,375	953,649	(100,587)	4,214,437	2,540,391
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$ 128,142,109</u>	<u>9,930,712</u>	<u>(8,208,712)</u>	<u>129,864,109</u>	<u>5,679,635</u>
	<u>June 30, 2004</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>June 30, 2005</u>	<u>Current portion</u>
Long term debt	\$ 104,666,854	21,641,608	(2,194,809)	124,113,653	2,490,194
Other noncurrent liabilities:					
U.S. government grants refundable	571,237	95,844	—	667,081	—
Compensated absences	2,736,410	702,586	(77,621)	3,361,375	1,714,449
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$ 107,974,501</u>	<u>22,440,038</u>	<u>(2,272,430)</u>	<u>128,142,109</u>	<u>4,204,643</u>

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(7) Retirement Plans

Plan Descriptions

The University participates in two major retirement plans for its employees – Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the Alternate Benefit Program (ABP). Enrollment into the pension program is mandatory for all employees. Employees who are retired from another state administered retirement plan are exempt from participation. The PERS pension plan is a defined benefit program administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits. It was established to provide coverage to all civil service employees of the state or public agencies of the state. PERS was established under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide coverage, including post retirement health care, to substantially all full time employees of the State or public agency provided the employee is not a member of another State administered retirement system. The ABP pension plan is a defined contribution program administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits. The plan allows enrollees to make contributions to the following carriers: Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association – College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA/CREF), ING Aetna Financial Services, AIG Valic, Equitable Life Insurance Company, Hartford, and Travelers.

In addition to the two plans in which the University participates, certain faculty members of the University participate in the Teachers' Pension and Annuity Fund (TPAF) which is a State of New Jersey cost sharing defined benefit plan. TPAF was established under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:66 to provide coverage including post retirement health care to substantially all full time public school employees in the State of New Jersey. The State of New Jersey issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS and TPAF. This report may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

PERS Funding Policy

Employees holding classified position are enrolled into the PERS pension plan. For permanent employees, PERS enrollment begins after the employee completes their probationary period, which is normally four months. All temporary employees must be enrolled after one year of continuous employment. Currently, PERS members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. This amount changes with negotiations of each new union contract. The State of New Jersey, in accordance with State statutes, makes employer contributions on behalf of the University. The State of New Jersey contribution is based upon annual actuarially determined percentages of total compensation of all active members. The State of New Jersey's annual contribution approximates the actuarially determined pension cost for the year. Employers were not required to contribute in 2006 or 2005 due to legislation enacted in 1997 by the State of New Jersey, which fully funded previously existing unfunded accrued liabilities of PERS through State of New Jersey bonds. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the University are established and may be amended by the State of New Jersey.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

Alternate Benefit Program Information

Employees enrolled in the ABP pension program are faculty members, administrators and managers of the University. Enrollment into the pension program begins the first date of hire for all permanent employees. Temporary employees are enrolled after one year of continuous temporary employment. ABP provides the choice of six investment carriers all of which are privately operated defined contribution retirement plans. The University assumes no liability for ABP members other than payment of contributions. ABP provides retirement and death benefits for or on behalf of these full time professional employees and faculty members electing to participate in this optional retirement program. Participation eligibility, as well as contributory and noncontributory requirements, is established by the State of New Jersey Retirement and Social Security Law. Benefits are determined by the amount of individual accumulations and the retirement income option selected. All benefits vest after the completion of one year of service. Individually owned annuity contracts that provide for full ownership of retirement and survivor benefits are purchased at the time of vesting.

Participating University employees are required to contribute 5% of their base annual salary and may contribute, on a pre tax basis, an additional voluntary contribution of salary up to the maximum Federal statutory limit. Employer contributions are 8%. During the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, ABP received employer and employee contributions that approximated the following from the University:

	2006	2005
Employer contribution	\$ 2,548,000	2,363,000
Employee contribution	1,593,000	1,477,000
Basis for contributions:		
Participating employee salaries	31,851,000	29,538,000

Employer contributions to ABP are paid by the State of New Jersey and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as appropriations revenue and as expenses.

(8) Contingent Liabilities

The University is a party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. While it is not possible at this time to predict the ultimate outcome of these actions, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the University's financial position.

(9) State of New Jersey Fringe Benefit Appropriations

The State of New Jersey, through separate appropriations, pays certain fringe benefits. Specifically, there is a current matching portion for the pension contribution for active employees, medical and dental benefits, state taxes, and FICA taxes. For the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, such benefits amounted to approximately \$16.6 million and \$15.3 million, respectively, and are included in appropriations revenue and expenses in the accompanying financial statements.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

(10) Compensated Absences

The University recorded a liability for compensated absences in the amount of approximately \$4,214,437 and \$3,361,375 as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses and other noncurrent liabilities in the accompanying statements of net assets. The liability is calculated based upon employees' accrued vacation leave as of year end, as well as an estimated vested amount for accrued sick leave.

Payments for accumulated sick leave balances are made to retiring employees upon regular retirement. The payment is based on 50% of the employee's sick leave accumulation at the pay rate in effect at the time of retirement, up to a maximum of \$15,000. Employees separating from University service prior to retirement are not entitled to payments for accumulated sick leave balances. Prior to 1991, the State reimbursed the University for payments made to retiring employees for accrued sick leave; however, during 1991 through 2005, the State did not make such reimbursements. The University paid approximately \$57,657 and \$77,621 in sick leave payments for employees who retired during the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

(11) Student Financial Assistance Programs

The University's students receive support from Federal and State of New Jersey student financial assistance programs.

The University's compliance with the requirements of the Federal student financial assistance programs authorized by Title IV of the U.S. Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (Title IV Programs), is subject to annual audit by an independent auditor. Such compliance audits are subject to review by the U.S. Department of Education (the Department). Management is of the opinion that a liability, if any, resulting from compliance audits would not have a material adverse effect on the University's financial position.

(12) New Jersey City University Foundation, Inc.

New Jersey City University Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) is a legally separate tax-exempt component unit of the organization with a fiscal year end of June 30. The Foundation has received a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service concluding that it is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising entity to supplement the resources available to the University. The Foundation Board of Directors has twenty members with three of the members representing the University. They are the President, Vice President for Administration and Finance and Vice President for University Advancement. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the resources or the income thereon, the Foundation holdings and investments are used exclusively for the benefit, support and promotion of the University for its activities. Because the resources held by the Foundation have historically only been used by, or for the benefit of the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the Organization and is discretely presented in the University's basic financial statements.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006 and 2005

During the year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 the Foundation distributed \$89,107 and \$145,024, respectively, to the University in the form of scholarships. The University contributed \$669,391 and \$628,661 in services for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

In February 2005, the University provided a \$390,000 promissory note to the Foundation. This note is noninterest bearing during its original term and matures December 1, 2007. The promissory note can be extended an additional year at the option of the University. After maturity, the promissory note bears interest at 10% per annum until paid.

Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Controllers Office at 2039 Kennedy Boulevard, Jersey City, New Jersey 07305.

The Foundation is a private not for profit organization that reports under FASB standards, including FASB Statement No. 117, Financial Reporting for Not-For Profit Organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundations financial information in the University's financial reporting entity for these differences.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year ended June 30, 2006

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor/program or cluster title	Federal CFDA	Current year expenditures
U.S. Department of Education:		
Student Financial Assistance Cluster:		
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	\$ 329,896
Federal Family Education Loan Program	84.032	19,167,316
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	485,844
Federal Perkins Loan Program	84.038	148,450
Federal Pell Grant Program (including administrative cost allowance of \$13,125)	84.063	<u>7,464,606</u>
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster		<u>27,596,112</u>
TRIO Cluster:		
Upward Bound-2	84.047	226,251
Student Support Services	84.042	<u>201,281</u>
Total TRIO Cluster		<u>427,532</u>
Passed through State of New Jersey Department of Education:		
Improving Teacher Quality Partnership	84.336	273,202
Restructuring Teacher Preparation Programs	84.027	40,516
Undergraduate International Students in Foreign Language	84.016	82,056
Hispanic Serving Institutions – Title V	84.031	29,103
Improving the Pipeline for Latino Students	84.031	559,492
Teaching English Language Learners	84.195	312,867
Minority Institutions-Project Diversity	84.325	170,248
Project TEAM	84.325	236,646
Student with Disabilities-Faculty Ambassador Grant	84.333	10,366
GEAR-UP	84.334	413,970
Family Resource Center	84.335	12,820
Transition to Teaching Program Statewide	84.350	141,086
Minority Science Improvement	84.120	77,293
U.S. Department of Defense:		
Strengthening the Skills of Chemistry Students	12.630	148,966
National Institute of Health:		
Project Export	93.307	96,394
National Science Foundation:		
Computer Science and Mathematics Scholarship Program	47.076	123,909
Performance Education and Research Laboratory	47.070	18,912
U.S. Department of Transportation:		
Passed through N.J. Department of Law & Public Safety-Division of Highway: Traffic Safety Building Bridges and Connecting Communities	20.605	20,362
U.S. Small Business Administration:		
NJCU Small Business Administration	59.037	32,500
U.S. Department of Justice:		
Consortium Violence Prevention Project	16.525	12,908
Corporation for National Service:		
Passed through State of New Jersey Department of Education: Americorps	94.006	190,602
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:		
Housing and Urban Development	14.246	178,830
Series 1977C Revenue Bonds – Debt Service Subsidy	14.XXX	<u>90,750</u>
Total expenditures of Federal awards		<u>\$ 31,297,442</u>

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State of New Jersey awards.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)
Schedule of Expenditures of State of New Jersey Awards
Year ended June 30, 2006

State of New Jersey grantor/ pass-through grantor/program or cluster title	Grant/ account number	Grant award	Grant period	Current year expenditures
N.J. Department of Treasury:				
Student Financial Assistance Cluster:				
Educational Opportunity Fund – Article III – Academic Year (FY05)	06-100-074-2601-001	\$ 570,720	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	\$ 570,720
Educational Opportunity Fund – Article III – Summer (FY05)	—	308,975	Aug. 9, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	264,019
Tuition Aid Grant	06-100-082-2150-007	6,539,913	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	6,539,913
Edward J. Bloustein Distinguished Scholars	06-100-082-2150-010	5,500	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	5,500
Urban Scholarships	06-100-082-2150-011	56,000	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	56,000
New Jersey College Loans to Assist State Students	—	201,278	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	201,278
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster				7,637,430
Educational Opportunity Fund – Article IV – Academic Year (FY05)	06-100-074-2601-002	368,574	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	368,574
Educational Opportunity Fund – Article IV – Summer (FY05)	05-100-074-2601-002	12,206	Jul. 1, 2005 to Aug. 8, 2006	12,206
N.J. Department of Education:				
A. Harry Moore School	FT000501	93,939	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	93,939
Youth Corps	AJMY4N	411,000	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	411,000
Youth Corps One-Stop	WJMY5N	114,690	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	62,027
Abbot Initiative	06-100-034-5069-010	12,781	Feb. 1, 2006 to Jul. 31, 2006	12,120
N.J. Department of State – Commission on Higher Education:				
College Bound	800930-0004	100,000	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	100,000
Project Learning Disabilities	801180-0040	79,000	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	79,000
Project Special Education Positive Support	06-809190TP-03	563,579	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	14,797
Early Learning Improvement Consortium	—	211,718	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	2,500
The Next Wave of Language Minority Students	06YR1-801250-0101	112,971	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2007	31,389
N.J. Educational Facilities Authority:				
Higher Education Capital Improvement Fund	—	661,639	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	661,639
N.J. Department of State:				
State Appropriation to State Colleges and Universities	06-100-074-2403-001	33,517,000	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	33,517,000
Female Leadership Development	TTAOFB10528	80,000	Jan. 1, 2005 to Dec. 30, 2005	60,217
New Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission	—	24,000	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	12,000
Interdepartmental Accounts:				
Fringe Benefits Other than FICA	06-000-000-0000-002	11,947,420	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	11,947,420
FICA State Colleges and Universities Reimbursement Program	06-000-000-0000-003	4,619,275	Jul. 1, 2005 to Jun. 30, 2006	4,619,275
N.J. Department of Environmental Protection:				
N.J. Environmental Infrastructure Financing Program	S340111-01	2,978,237	Nov. 10, 2005 to Aug. 1, 2025	1,664,337
Other:				
Jersey City Alliance to Combat Drug and Alcohol Abuse:				
Passed through from Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse:				
Peers Educating Peers	96-316	41,550	Jan. 1, 2006 to Dec. 30, 2006	32,789
New Jersey Reading First	4000338	6,680	Jul. 1, 2004 to Jun. 30, 2005	2,775
Essex County Vocational & Technical Needs Assessment	—	128,871	May 6, 2005 to May 31, 2006	100,969
Total expenditures of State of New Jersey awards				\$ 61,443,403

See accompanying notes to schedules of expenditures of Federal and State of New Jersey awards.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and
State of New Jersey Awards

Year ended December 31, 2006

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of Federal and State of New Jersey awards include the Federal and State of New Jersey grant activity of New Jersey City University (the University) and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and New Jersey Office of Management and Budget Circular 04-04, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*. Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the 2006 basic financial statements.

(2) Federal Family Education Loan Program and New Jersey College Loans to Assist State Students

The University is responsible only for the performance of certain administrative duties with respect to the Federal Family Education Loan Program and the New Jersey College Loans to Assist State Students program and, accordingly, these loans are not included in the University's basic financial statements. It is not practical to determine the balance of loans outstanding to students of the University under these programs as of June 30, 2006.

(3) Federal Perkins Loan Program

The University administers and accounts for certain aspects of the Federal Perkins Loan Program. The University's basic financial statements include the program's net assets and transactions. The balance of loans outstanding under the Federal Perkins Loan Program as of June 30, 2006 was \$1,365,563.



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**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based
on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
*Government Auditing Standards***

The Board of Trustees
New Jersey City University:

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of New Jersey City University (the University), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2006. Our report was modified to include a reference to other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of New Jersey City University Foundation, Inc., a component unit of New Jersey City University were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Other auditors audited the financial statements of New Jersey City University Foundation, Inc., as described in our report on the University's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the University in a separate letter dated September 15, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of trustees and management of the University and Federal and State of New Jersey awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

September 15, 2006



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**Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable
to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance
With Federal OMB Circular A-133 and New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04**

The Board of Trustees
New Jersey City University:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of New Jersey City University (the University) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (Federal OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the New Jersey Office of Management and Budget (New Jersey OMB) *State Grant Compliance Supplement* (the Compliance Supplements) that are applicable to each of its major Federal and State of New Jersey programs for the year ended June 30, 2006, except those requirements discussed in the third following paragraph. The University's major Federal and State of New Jersey programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major Federal and State of New Jersey programs is the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Federal OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*; and New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04, *Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid*. Those standards, Federal OMB Circular A-133 and New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal or State of New Jersey program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item 06-2 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the University did not comply with requirements regarding Davis-Bacon act that are applicable to its State of New Jersey N.J. Environmental Infrastructure Financing program. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the University to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, New Jersey City University complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major Federal and State of New Jersey programs for the year ended June 30, 2006, other than those requirements discussed in the following paragraph. The results of our auditing procedures also disclosed other instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with Federal OMB Circular A-133 or New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 06-1 and 06-2.

We did not audit the University's compliance with requirements governing student loan repayments of the Federal Perkins Loan Program. Those requirements govern functions that are performed by Educational Loan Servicing, LLC. Since we did not apply auditing procedures to satisfy ourselves as to compliance with those requirements, the scope of our work was not sufficient to enable us to express, and we do not express, an opinion on compliance with those requirements.

Educational Loan Servicing, LLC's compliance with the requirements governing the functions that it performs for the University was examined by other accountants whose report has been furnished to us. The report of the other accountants indicates that compliance with those requirements was examined in accordance with the U.S. Department of Education's Audit Guide, *Audits of Federal Student Financial Assistance Programs at Participating Institutions and Institution Servicers*. Based on our review of the service organization accountants' report, we have determined that all of the compliance requirements included in the Compliance Supplements that are applicable to the major Federal and State of New Jersey programs in which the University participates are addressed in either our report or the report of the service organization accountants. Further, based on our review of the service organization accountants' report, we have determined that it does not contain any findings of noncompliance that would have a direct and material effect on the University's major Federal or State of New Jersey programs.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to Federal and State of New Jersey programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal or State of New Jersey program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Federal OMB Circular A-133 and New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04.

Requirements governing student loan repayments of the Federal Perkins Loan Program are performed by Educational Loan Servicing, LLC. Internal control over compliance relating to such functions was reported on by other accountants in accordance with the U.S. Department of Education's Audit Guide, *Audits of Federal Student Financial Assistance Programs at Participating Institutions and Institution Servicers*. A copy of the service organization accountants' report has been furnished to us. However, the scope of our work did not extend to internal control maintained at Educational Loan Servicing, LLC.

We noted a certain matter involving internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the University's ability to administer a major Federal or State of New Jersey program in accordance with the applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 06-2.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with the applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major Federal or State of New Jersey program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the reportable condition described above, item 06-2 to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of trustees and management of the University and Federal and State of New Jersey awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

March 16, 2007

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2006

(1) Summary of Auditors' Results

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of New Jersey City University (the University), a component unit of the State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements.
- (b) The audit disclosed no material weaknesses and no reportable conditions were reported in connection with the financial statements of the University as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006.
- (c) The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements of the University as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006.
- (d) The audit disclosed no material weaknesses in connection with major Federal programs and one material weakness (06-2) in connection with State of New Jersey programs of the University for the year ended June 30, 2006. No reportable conditions were reported in connection with major Federal programs and one reportable condition (06-2) was reported in connection with major State of New Jersey programs of the University for the year ended June 30, 2006.
- (e) An unqualified opinion was issued on the University's compliance with its major Federal and State of New Jersey programs except for State of New Jersey N.J. Environmental Infrastructure Financing program, for which a qualified opinion was issued for the year ended June 30, 2006.
- (f) There was one audit finding (06-1) which is required to be reported under Section 510(a) of Federal OMB Circular A-133 and one audit finding (06-2) which is required to be reported under New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04 for the year ended June 30, 2006.
- (g) The major Federal and State of New Jersey programs of the University for the year ended June 30, 2006 were as follows:

Federal programs:

- Student Financial Assistance Cluster (CFDA #84.007, 84.032, 84.033, 84.038, and 84.063)
- Minority Institutions-Project Diversity/Project TEAM (CFDA #84.325)
- GEAR-UP (CFDA #84.334)

State of New Jersey programs:

- Student Financial Assistance Cluster
 - State Appropriations to State College's and Universities
 - N.J. Environmental Infrastructure Financing Program
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs was \$359,450 for Federal awards and \$837,792 for State of New Jersey awards for the year ended June 30, 2006.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2006

- (i) The University did not qualify as a low risk auditee for Federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2006. The University qualified as a low risk auditee for State of New Jersey awards for the year ended June 30, 2006.

(2) Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

No findings which are required to be reported.

(3) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal or State of New Jersey Awards

Federal Awards:

06-1- Student Status Changes

U.S. Department of Education:
Student Financial Assistance Cluster:
Federal Family Education Loan Program (CFDA # 84.032)

Criteria:

The Federal Family Education Loan Program requires institutions to complete and return student status confirmation reports (SSCR) sent by the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) within 30 days of receipt. Unless the institution expects to complete its next student status report within 60 days, the institution must notify NSLDS within 30 days, if it discovers that a student who received a loan either did not enroll or ceased to be enrolled on at least a half-time basis.

Condition:

The University currently utilizes the National Student Clearinghouse (NSC) as a third party servicer to report the University's information to NSLDS through data transfers of student enrollment information. For one out of a sample of thirty students who received a loan and did not enroll or ceased to be enrolled on at least a half-time basis, the student status change was communicated to NSC within the appropriate timeframe, however, NSC did not communicate the student status change to NSLDS within the required timeframe.

A similar finding was noted in the prior years single audit reports (1999 through 2005) as finding numbers 99-4, 00-4, 01-3, 02-2, 03-1, 04-1 and 05-1.

Cause:

NSC did not timely report the change in student status to NSLDS.

Questioned Costs:

There are no known questioned costs associated with this finding as the one student is currently in repayment status per NSLDS records.

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2006

Recommendation:

We recommend that the University ensure the NSC is reporting all student status changes to NSLDS within the required timeframe.

View of Responsible Official:

The University will continue to report all student status changes to the NSC within the required timeframe. Recently, the process for submitting information to the NSC was changed to include enrollment information for all students currently enrolled and matriculated in the University. This revised process should ensure that timely reporting of status changes are made to the NSC for reporting to the NSLDS. A formal inquiry will follow to determine the circumstances for the reported omission.

State of New Jersey Awards:

06-2- Davis-Bacon Act – Material Weakness

N.J. Department of Environmental Protection:
N.J. Environmental Infrastructure Financing Program

Criteria:

The statement of assurances attached to the N.J. Environmental Infrastructure Financing Program loan agreement required that the University comply with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act. When required by the Davis-Bacon Act, the Department of Labor's (DOL) governmentwide implementation of the Davis-Bacon Act, or by Federal program legislation, all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors to work on construction contracts in excess of \$2000 financed by Federal assistance funds must be paid wages not less than those established for the locality of the project (prevailing wage rates) by the DOL (40 USC 276a to 276a-7).

Non-federal entities shall include in their construction contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act, a requirement that the contractor or subcontractor comply with the requirements of the Davis-Bacon Act and the DOL regulations (29 CFR part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Governing Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). This includes a requirement for the contractor or subcontractor to submit to the non-Federal entity weekly, for each week in which any contract work is performed, a copy of the payroll and a statement of compliance (certified payrolls) (29 CFR sections 5.5 and 5.6). This reporting is often done using Optional Form WH-347, which includes the required statement of compliance (OMB No. 1215-0149).

The requirements for Davis-Bacon are also contained in the A-102 Common Rule (§.36(i)(5) and OMB Circular A-110 (Appendix A Contract Provisions).

NEW JERSEY CITY UNIVERSITY
(A Component Unit of the State of New Jersey)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2006

Condition:

Out of a total of eight requisitions for payment by three contractors, we selected four requisitions for testwork. Of the four requisitions, we noted two did not include the payroll certification and payroll detail and one did not include the payroll certification. Therefore, the contractor's compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act requirement could not be determined by the University.

Cause:

The University did not receive the certified payroll and payroll details from the contractors.

Questioned Costs:

The amount of the requisitions paid on behalf of the University to the contractors for the three requisitions was \$244,520.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the University ensure the certified payrolls and payroll details are received from all contractors prior to the payment of requisitions and ensure the contractors are complying with the Davis-Bacon Act.

View of Responsible Official:

Management has made numerous attempts to obtain the certified payroll and payroll details from the contractors. Management will continue its efforts to obtain this information. Going forward, payroll certifications and payroll details will be requested to accompany all contractor invoices. All documents will be required to be sent to the capital project accountant for review of completeness.